



SUPPLEMENT

TO

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SATURDAY, 1 FEBRUARY, 1919.

*War Office,  
1st February, 1919.*

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the following awards to the undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the Field:—

**AWARDED A SECOND BAR TO  
DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.**

T./Lt.-Col. Edward Daniel Bryce, D.S.O.,  
2nd Bn., Tank Corps (Capt., E. Lan. R.).

For conspicuous gallantry in command of a battalion of Tanks on 8th August, 1918, near Villers Bretonneux. He followed his Tanks on foot, and went with them under heavy artillery and machine-gun fire to the final objective, a distance of some 10,000 yards. It was owing to his personal direction that his Tank companies were instrumental in capturing all objectives. Throughout the day he showed complete disregard for his personal safety, and set a splendid example of leadership.

(D.S.O. gazetted 26th September, 1917.)  
(1st Bar gazetted 18th February, 1918.)

Capt. (T./Lt.-Col.) William Vernon Lumsden, D.S.O., M.C., Arg. & Suth'd Highrs.,  
comdg. 9th Bn., Sco. Rif.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during the 9½ miles advance east of Ypres from 28th September to 5th October, 1918. The first day his battalion was one of the leading assault battalions, and advanced five miles on to the southern end of the Passchendaele Ridge, capturing 11 guns and 250 prisoners. He was in the thick of the fighting, although suffering from malaria at the time. The following day the battalion again advanced under his leadership against frontal and enfilade machine-gun fire, and in the evening, when he found that Dadizeel could not be reached by troops on his right, he deflected his advance, and along with other troops captured it.

(D.S.O. gazetted 26th July, 1918.)  
(1st Bar gazetted 3rd June, 1918.)

T./Maj. Arthur James Peterson, D.S.O.,  
A/86th Bde., R.F.A.

For conspicuous gallantry on the night of 29th August, 1918, near Maricourt, while

Hendecourt-Dury Road, this officer launched his battalion in a successful counter-attack, regaining previous positions, killing numbers of the enemy and capturing 200 prisoners. He then maintained his position under heavy fire and against repeated enemy attacks until zero hour. His personal example of fearlessness did much to hearten his battalion in the fine work they accomplished.

(D.S.O. gazetted 18th July, 1917.)

Lt.-Col. Richard Worrall, D.S.O., M.C., 14th Bn., Can. Inf., Quebec R.

On 1st September, 1918, for conspicuous gallantry during the attack on the Crow's Nest and Hendecourt Chateau Woods while in command of his battalion. He advanced his line half a mile, and under heavy fire maintained his position all day. The following day, though his left was exposed to withering machine-gun and artillery fire, he captured a village, taking prisoners a whole battalion. Still pushing on, he took the final objective, and established his position, having advanced some 5,000 yards from the jumping-off line. He displayed fine courage and leadership.

(D.S.O. gazetted 11th January, 1919.)

#### AUSTRALIAN IMPERIAL FORCE.

Capt. Walter John Clare Duncan, D.S.O., M.C., 33rd Bn., A.I.F.

For conspicuous gallantry throughout the operations south-west of Bouchavesnes on 31st August, 1918. He commanded his company brilliantly, and in face of strong opposition and heavy fire captured some two hundred prisoners ten machine-guns, and four trench mortars. Throughout the whole operation he displayed wonderful dash and courage, and by his fine leadership succeeded against seemingly overwhelming odds.

(D.S.O. gazetted 26th July, 1918.)

Lt.-Col. John Wesley Mitchell, D.S.O., 8th Bn., A.I.F.

For conspicuous gallantry during the taking of Rosières Station and the village of Lihons on the 9th and 11th August, 1918. When his battalion had suffered heavy casualties he personally went forward, and, under heavy fire, reorganised his line. Again, after his battalion had taken Lihons, where the situation was obscure, he again went forward, and did the same under withering machine-gun fire. His fine leadership and coolness under fire were largely responsible for the success achieved by his battalion.

(D.S.O. gazetted 1st January, 1918.)

Maj. (T./Lt.-Col.) Cecil Duncan Sasse, D.S.O., 4th Bn., A.I.F.

For conspicuous gallantry in the attack on Chuignolles and Chuignes on 23rd August, 1918. In face of exceedingly heavy fire he brought his battalion through to the final objective with extraordinary few casualties, and succeeded in capturing several hundred prisoners and some field guns. He then advanced an additional mile, captured Fontaine les Cappy, and skilfully protected his new position. The brilliant success of his battalion was due to his splendid leadership.

(D.S.O. gazetted 29th October, 1915.)

Lt.-Col. Bertie Vandeleur Stacy, D.S.O., 1st Bn., A.I.F.

For conspicuous gallantry in the attack on Chuignolles and Chuignes on 23rd August, 1918. He established his headquarters close behind the fighting troops, and in spite of heavy shell fire exercised valuable control during the progress of the fight. By personal reconnaissance he was able to direct the fire of the heavy artillery upon numerous field guns and machine guns, which were causing casualties. Also, by organising the fire of Vickers and Lewis guns upon enemy machine-guns he was able to send on the attack. Upon gaining the set objective he pushed out patrols, which brought back valuable information, enabling the gain to be further exploited. Owing to his splendid leadership his battalion made an advance of nearly three miles, and captured several hundred prisoners and some machine guns.

(D.S.O. gazetted 4th June, 1917.)

Maj. (T./Lt.-Col.) Theodore Frederick Ulrich, D.S.O., 6th Bn., Aust. Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry and leadership in command of his battalion near Herleville Wood on 23rd August, 1918. He kept in close touch with the attack, and controlled their movements under heavy artillery and machine-gun fire. He made the most of his opportunities, quickly grasping the situation, and set a fine example to his men.

(D.S.O. gazetted 1st January, 1917.)

Lt.-Col. Percy William Woods, D.S.O., M.C., 55th Bn., A.I.F.

For conspicuous gallantry and able handling of his battalion on 1st and 2nd September, 1918, north of Peronne. The position being obscure after an attack, he went forward personally and consolidated the line under heavy shell and machine-gun fire. The two officers and a runner with him were killed, but he continued his work, and completed consolidation. His courage and devotion to duty greatly inspired his men.

(D.S.O. gazetted 1st January, 1918.)

#### AWARDED THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.

T./Maj. Cyril Lionel Armstrong, M.C., 11th Bn., W. York. R. (ITALY)

Near Lido on the nights, 24th-26th October, 1918, he acted as beachmaster and superintended the embarkation of very large numbers of troops of two divisions under persistent shell fire. His coolness and untiring energy were instrumental in getting them across the first stream of the Piave with no disorganisation and few casualties. On 29th October, near Soffratu, he handled his battalion brilliantly in the fight for the crossings of the Monticuna river, forcing a crossing against superior numbers of the enemy strongly entrenched, and made a considerable advance, taking over 800 prisoners. He showed courage and leadership of a high order.

T./Capt. Philip Stanley Barber, M.C., Gen. List (Bde. Maj., 50th Infy. Bde.).

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Martinpuich on 25th

During the attack he went forward with the infantry and personally superintended the work of his companies in the removal of road mines and the repair of roads under shell fire, thus facilitating the advance of the artillery in support of the infantry. By his fearless energy he produced the best work from those under him.

Capt. Arthur Joseph Slade, 50th Bn. Can. Infy., Alberta R.

For great gallantry and devotion to duty while in command of a company in front of Dury during the operations 2/4th September, 1918. He gained his objective with the greatest dash, capturing close on 400 prisoners and about twenty machine guns. Twice during the attack he personally rushed enemy machine guns, once with six men and the other time with a batman. His work throughout the operations was of the highest order.

Maj. Rolsa Eric Smythe, M.C., 58th Bn., Can. Infy., 2nd Cent. Ont. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during the operations about Bois du Sart, Boiry and Artillery Hill between 27th and 29th August, 1918. He commanded his battalion from the jumping off, throughout the heavy fighting at the above places, and his handling of the men when very tired was most skilful, resulting in the repulse of several counter-attacks, and the successful consolidation of the captured positions.

Lt.-Col. Donald Matheson Sutherland, W. Ontario R., attd. 52nd Bn., Can. Inf., Manitoba R.

For conspicuous gallantry in action near Bois-de-Vert, 27/28th August, 1918, when he handled his battalion with great tactical ability. His personal courage and leadership were largely responsible for the success of the operations, at a time when casualties were severe and enemy opposition was most stubborn.

Maj. Royes Lionel Turner, Can. Infy., Manitoba R. (RUSSIA)

During the entire operations from 4th August on the Archangel-Vologda Railway, he has done most valuable work and has shown great devotion to duty. He has taken part in every operation, and his reconnaissance work and liaison work with the attacking infantry has always helped our advance to an enormous extent. He has shown great courage under fire, and his influence has always had a great effect over all the Allied infantry.

Maj. Lorne Treleven Tweed, 1st Bn., Can. Engrs.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an attack on the Drocourt-Queant line on September 2nd, 1918, he established a report centre in an open trench, which, owing to a check in the advance, was subjected to heavy machine-gun and artillery fire. Despite this, he got into touch with the engineering companies working on the forward roads, collecting information as to the work, and reporting to Battalion H.Q. The same afternoon, when the position was

obscure, he again worked forward and ascertained what further work was required. His initiative and resource were a great asset.

Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Charles Yardley Weaver, 49th Bn., Can. Inf., Alberta R.

For conspicuous gallantry in command of his battalion during operations south of the Scarpe between 26th and 28th August, 1918. His constant presence in the forefront of the battle under severe shelling and machine-gun fire, and his complete grasp of the tactical situation, were responsible for the marked success of his battalion throughout three days' operations.

#### AUSTRALIAN IMPERIAL FORCE.

Lt. Daniel Herbert Anthon, M.C., 20th Bn., Aust. I.F.

On the 30th August, 1918, near Clery-sur-Somme, he advanced at the head of a few men against a strongly held machine-gun post, which, after bombing, he charged alone, capturing seven men and the gun. He then, by a flanking movement, captured a trench, taking fifty-four prisoners, besides killing and wounding several others. This gallant action allowed the battalion, which had been held up for a long time, to advance.

Maj. Cedric Errol Meyer Brodziak, 3rd Bn., A.M.G.C.

For conspicuous gallantry near Bray-sur-Somme on 22nd August, 1918. He commanded the flank company of the division in the attack, and in face of strong opposition secured and consolidated his objectives. When the right flank of the division on his left was held up he made good the gaps that occurred, capturing the southern portion of Happy Valley and the Chalk Pit, and thus assuring the advance of the division on his flank. During the afternoon the enemy broke through, and his left flank was in the air, and the enemy behind him, but he held his position and formed a defensive flank. By his fine initiative and determination he enabled the divisional line to be maintained, and inflicted such casualties that the enemy was forced to withdraw.

Maj. William John Brown, 2nd Aust L.H.R. (EGYPT)

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on 14th July, 1918, in command of a post near Mussulabeh, which was heavily shelled. The enemy attacked it in strength, but were repulsed. Major Brown, leaving sufficient of his garrison to protect his front, directed the bulk of his machine-gun and rifle fire on to an enemy concentration in Wahi Dhib, and also took their parties attacking Abu Talbut right in reverse, inflicting heavy casualties and demoralising the enemy. Thereby he materially assisted the counter-attack by another cavalry regiment later in the morning. Throughout the operations he handled his command with great coolness and judgment.

Major Donald Dunbar Coutts, Aust. A.M.C., attd. 24th Bn., Aust. I.F.

On the 1st September, 1918, during the attack at Mont St. Quentin, although the