HMC.

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Miss H. E. Milne.
A.A.N.S.

I embarked on the 12th November, 1915, on the "Orsova" and we only had a little duty. I disembarked at Suez, and entrained for Cairo, where we were billeted at Heliopolis Palace, No. 1 A.A.H. I was detailed for duty at the Atelier, No. 2 A.A.H., where the work was principally convalescents, but we had one or two acute cases.

When it closed, I was transferred to No. 3 A.G.H., Abbassia. The work was not heavy here, as most of the heavy cases from Gallipoli had been evacuated. The food was good and we worked under very good conditions. In July, 1916, I went to India, with a party of 50 sisters. We reached Bombay, and while there, two of the sisters died from cholera.

I worked in the British Hospital in Bombay with a British Matron, and they were very nice to us there. It was a beautiful Hospital, and excellently equipped. There were long airy wards, and we were billeted at a large hotel which was very comfortable, but during the outbreak of cholera, we were removed. I went to the Y.W.C.A. and was there for three months.

I then went to Hislop, War Hospital, which was also a British Hospital We had mostly medical cases there, malaria and dysentery, etc. from Mesopotamia. We were not as happy here as in Bombay, but I found that the two services, i.e. A.A.N.S., and R.A.M.C. worked admirably together.

We found the heat of India trying, but there was not much sickness among the sisters. We had three hours per day off duty, and a day a week. I returned to Bombay for three weeks, awaiting embarkation to England. I was on duty at the Kolaba War Hospital, and here the patients were acute medical cases.

I then went to Southall, No. 2 A.A.H., in February, 1917, and the work was not very heavy here, as most of the cases were amputations awaiting transport to Australia. It was the limbless centre for Australians.

I was there for three months, and then I was transferred to Queen Mary's Hospital, Whalley. This was a large British Hospital, and excellently equipped. The work was very heavy as we received cases straight from France. They were exceedingly kind to us.

After three months, I was transferred to No. 1 A.A.H., Harefield, where I stayed for four months. The work was heavy here, as we had cot cases waiting for Hospital Ship transport to Australia. I went to France in January, 1918, to No. 2 A.G.H., Wimereux, which was a large well equipped hutted Hospital.

Here the work was excellent. It was sometimed heavy and sometimes slack. We worked under good conditions. I spent seven months in the femur ward, which was most interesting. We had a special apparatus for the swinging splints, and had very good results. I was there for about 13 months and after the signing of the Armistice, I went to No. 3 A.C.C.S., Germany, where the work was mostly medical, accidents, and influenza. I stayed there until the British took it over. We went on several trips down the Rhine to Coblenz, and it was all very beautiful. After furlough, I was transferred to No. 3 A.A.H., Dartford, where I am now awaiting transport to Australia.

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