After l'attended ANZAC Day dawn service and breakfast earlier in the year, il started to understand the meaning of the ANZAC spirit. My understanding of the Anzac spirit is based on thousands of young Australian and New Zealand men were prepared to make the ultimate sacrifice for the King and Country. They showed great courage and determination to engage in battles for the freedom in our country which we now respect and show pride in their accomplishments. I wanted to learn more, and then I found out my great great Grandfather went to World War 1 & 2. I have been research-Ling miniana going through his records to and but more about the experiences. Links is his eventures on a type it make to make Leslie George Parker was born on the 27<sup>th</sup> of August 1896, in between Snowtown and Port Broughton. His family L. What is your Name ? moved to the Eyre Peninsular in 1903 to take up farming near Butler Tanks. They were a poor pioneering family who cleared their land to make a living. Leslie would go out for days at a time with his brothers, with only a pick, axe, flour, in or sugar and a gun, to shoot rabbits to eat. Looking for adventure at nineteen years of age, Leslie enlisted at Tumby Bay on Saturday the 11<sup>th</sup> of March 1916. He was assigned as a soldier in the AIF 32<sup>nd</sup> battalion 7<sup>th</sup> reinforcement. When the time came, on the 27<sup>th</sup> of June 1916, he embarked at Adelaide on board HMAT A57 "Malakuta". On his voyage, Leslie got the measles and disembarked at Fremantle on the 4th of July 1916. He was ordered to be sent to Blackboy Hill camp to train and learn basic skills for the army. After his recovery and training, he was assigned to the 32<sup>nd</sup> battalion 10th reinforcement. On the 30th of October 1916, he boarded the HT "Port Melbourne" at Fremantle bound for England. On December the 28th 1916 he disembarked at Devonport in England. Leslie was on command at cookery serious in Tidworth, England, until the 23<sup>rd</sup> June 1917. On the 28<sup>th</sup> of January 1918 he left South Hampton, heading overseas to France. On the 5<sup>th</sup> of February 1918 he joined the 48<sup>th</sup> battalion in the field of La Clytte, Belgium. While fighting in Albert Sector, in the Somme Valley, on the 28th of March 1918, Leslie was wounded in action, with a gunshot wound to his head. He was admitted to the 56th Casualty Clearing Station, and then transferred to the 22nd General Hospital at Camiers on the 29<sup>th</sup> of March 1918. On the 4<sup>th</sup> of April 1918, Leslie was evacuated to England, and admitted to Central Military Hospital at Eastbourne. He was transferred to the 3rd Auxiliary Hospital at Dartford on the 19th of April 1918. Leslie was discharged from hospital on the 24th of April 1918 on temporary leave without pay. On the 8th of May 1948. he was ordered to report to the No.4 Command depot at Hurdcott. He marched in to Overseas Iraining Brigade at Longbridge, Deverill on the 31st of May 1918. He then marched in the 12th Training Battanon at Codford on the 17th of June 1918. On the 15th of August 1918, he proceeded overseas to France. Leslie rejoined the 48th Battalion in the field on the 28<sup>th</sup> of August 1918. On the 19<sup>th</sup> of September 1918, Leslie was fighting on the Hindenburg Out Post Line, he received a gunshot wound to his chest. Leslie kept a bible in his top pocket of his shirt when fighting, the bullet went through his bible first reducing the damage to his chest, saving his life. He was admitted to the 4<sup>th</sup> Australian Field Ambulance on the 20th of September 1918. The next day he was transferred to the 12th Casualty Clearing Station. On the 24th of September 1918 he was transferred to the 5th General Hospital at Rouen. The same day he was sent back to England, and admitted to the 1st Southern General Hospital at Birmingham, on the 26th of September 1918. After a long recovery, Leslie was discharged from hospital on the 11th of December 1918. He reported to No.2 Command depot at Weymouth on the 27th of December 1918. March the 5th 1919 he bordered HT-"Nevasa" bound for Australia. Leslie disembarked on the 18th of April 1919 and Was discharged in Adelaide, 3rd of June 1919. tale cause of discharge After researching my great great grandfather, Leslie George Parker, and reading through his records I have recognised his courage and determination that he demonstrated in the many horrific challenges at such a young age, fighting a war for our country and freedom, reflecting the Anzac spirit. Leslie was determined and very courageous to enlist again for the Second World War after been shot twice on the western front. Leslie had a hard life fighting two World Wars, working hard on the farm clearing the land. At sixty six years of that no Separage, on the 13th of May 1963. Leslie died from a second heart attack. d to undergo inoculation against ( smallpox and enteric fever do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true, and I am willing and hereby voluntarily agree to serve in the Military Forces of the Commonwealth of Australia within or beyond the limits of the Commonwealth. ree to allot not less than the of the pay payable to me from time to time during my \* This clouse should be struck out in the case of unmarried men or midowers without children under 18 years of age.

† Two-fifths must be allotted to the wife, and if there are children three-fifths must be allotted.